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TITLE 6—AGRICULTURAL CREDIT

Chapter IV—Production and Marketing Administration and Commodity Credit Corporation, Department of Agriculture

Subchapter C—Loans, Purchases and Other Operations

[1953 C. C. C. Grain Price Support Bulletin 1, Supp. 1, Amdt. 3, Barley]

PART 601—GRAINS AND RELATED COMMODITIES

SUBPART—1953-CROP BARLEY LOAN AND PURCHASE AGREEMENT PROGRAM

SETTLEMENT; SUPPORT RATES

The regulations issued by Commodity Credit Corporation and the Production and Marketing Administration published in 18 F. R. 1963, 4617 and 5131, and containing the specific requirements for the 1953-Crop Barley Price Support Program are hereby amended by the addition of a paragraph to the provisions on warehouse-storage loans and on purchase agreements providing for refunding or crediting the producer prepaid receiving or receiving and loading out charges.

1. Section 601.35 (b) (1) is amended to read as follows:

(b) *Warehouse-storage loans.* (1) (i) In the case of warehouse receipts issued on a warehouse approved under the Uniform Grain Storage Agreement, if the warehouse loan is not redeemed and the warehouse receipt or the accompanying supplemental certificate contains a statement in substantially the following form: "Full storage charges, not including receiving charges, paid through April 30, 1954, $_____," a refund in the amount of the smaller of (*a*) the storage charges prepaid by the producer, or (*b*) the amount of the storage charges deducted at the time the loan was completed, will be made to the producer by the PMA county office.

(ii) In case a warehouseman charges the producer for the receiving or the receiving and loading out charges on barley under loan, the producer shall, upon delivery of the barley to CCC, be reimbursed for such prepaid charges in an amount not to exceed the charges authorized under the Uniform Grain Storage Agreement, provided the producer furnishes to the county PMA committee, written evidence signed by the warehouseman that such charges have been paid.

2. Section 601.35 (c) (1) is amended to read as follows:

(c) *Purchase agreement.* (1) (i) Barley delivered to CCC under a purchase agreement must meet the requirements of barley eligible for loan. The purchase rate per bushel of eligible barley shall be the support rate established for the approved point of delivery, subject to deduction of warehouse charges in accordance with § 601.34 except as provided in subparagraph (2) of this paragraph.

(ii) In the case of warehouse receipts issued on a warehouse approved under the Uniform Grain Storage Agreement, if the warehouse receipt, or the accompanying supplemental certificate representing barley stored in the warehouse contains a statement in substantially the following form: "Full storage charges, not including receiving charges, paid through April 30, 1954, $____," the producer shall be given credit for the smaller of (*a*) the storage charges prepaid by the producer, or (*b*) the amount of the warehouse storage charges according to the time of deposit as outlined in § 601.34 at the time the settlement value of the commodity delivered is determined.

(iii) In case a warehouseman charges the producer for the receiving or the receiving and loading out charges on barley under purchase agreement the producer shall, upon delivery of the barley to CCC be credited for such prepaid charges in an amount not to exceed the charges authorized under the Uniform Grain Storage Agreement, provided the producer furnishes to the county PMA committee, written evidence signed by the warehouseman, that such charges have been paid.

3. Section 601.33 (c) is amended by adding the following counties at the rates

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FEDERAL REGISTER

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CFR SUPPLEMENTS

(For use during 1953)

The following Supplement is now available:

Title 14: Parts 1–399 (Revised Book) ($6.00)

Previously announced: Title 3 ($175); Titles 4–5 ($0.55); Title 6 ($1.50); Title 7: Parts 1–209 ($1.75), Parts 210–899 ($2.25), Part 900–end (Revised Book) ($6.00); Title 8 (Revised Book) ($1.75); Title 9 ($0.40); Titles 10–13 ($0.40); Title 14: Part 400–end (Revised Book) ($3.75); Title 15 ($0.75); Title 16 ($0.65); Title 17 ($0.35); Title 18 ($0.35); Title 19 ($0.45); Title 20 ($0.60); Title 21 ($1.25); Titles 22–23 ($0.65); Title 24 ($0.65); Title 25 ($0.40); Title 26: Parts 80–169 ($0.40), Parts 170–182 ($0.65), Parts 183–299 ($1.75); Title 26: Part 300–end, Title 27 ($0.60); Titles 28–29 ($1.00); Titles 30–31 ($0.65); Title 32: Parts 1–699 ($0.75), Part 700–end ($0.75); Title 33 ($0.70); Titles 35–37 ($0.55); Title 38 ($1.50); Title 39 ($1.00); Titles 40–42 ($0.45); Title 43 ($1.50); Titles 44–45 ($0.60); Title 46: Parts 1–145 (Revised Book) ($5.00), Part 146–end ($2.00); Titles 47–48 ($2.00); Title 49: Parts 1–70 ($0.50), Parts 71–90 ($0.45), Parts 91–164 ($0.40), Part 165–end ($0.55); Title 50 ($0.45)

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shown for barley grading No. 2 or better to the list of counties for which the program is authorized:

	Per bushel
Dolores County, Colo	$0.86
Montezuma County, Colo	0.94
Desha County, Ark	1.27
Amador County, Calif	1.34

(Sec. 4, 62 Stat. 1070, as amended, 15 U. S. C. Sup. 714b. Interpret or apply sec. 5, 62 Stat. 1072, secs. 301, 401, 63 Stat. 1053; 15 U. S. C. Sup. 714, 7 U. S. C. Sup. 1447, 1421)

Issued this 16th day of September 1953.

[SEAL] M. B. BRASWELL,
Acting Executive Vice President, Commodity Credit Corporation.

Approved:

JOHN H. DAVIS,
President, Commodity Credit Corporation.

[F. R. Doc. 53-8101; Filed, Sept. 18, 1953; 8:49 a. m.]

PART 601—GRAINS AND RELATED COMMODITIES

SUBPART—1953-CROP WHEAT LOAN AND PURCHASE AGREEMENT PROGRAM

SUPPORT RATES

The regulations issued by the Commodity Credit Corporation and the Production and Marketing Administration, published in 18 F. R. 2733, 3979, 4153, 4489, 4990, and 5131 and containing the specific regulations for the 1953 Crop Wheat Price Support Program are hereby amended as follows:

Section 601.111 (b) is amended by adding to the list of basic county support rates, Louisiana, all counties, $2.27 per bushel.

(Sec. 4, 62 Stat. 1070, as amended; 15 U. S. C. Sup. 714b. Interprets or applies sec. 5, 62 Stat. 1072, secs. 101, 401, 63 Stat. 1051, 1054; 15 U. S. C. Sup. 714c, 7 U. S. C. Sup. 1441, 1421)

Issued this 16th day of September 1953.

M. B. BRASWELL,
Acting Executive Vice President, Commodity Credit Corporation,

Approved:

JOHN H. DAVIS,
President, Commodity Credit Corporation.

[F. R. Doc. 53-8102; Filed, Sept. 18, 1953; 8:50 a. m.]

TITLE 7—AGRICULTURE

Chapter I—Production and Marketing Administration (Standards, Inspections, Marketing Practices), Department of Agriculture

PART 51—FRESH FRUITS, VEGETABLES AND OTHER PRODUCTS (INSPECTION, CERTIFICATION, AND STANDARDS)

SUBPART B—UNITED STATES STANDARDS

SAWDUST PACK GRAPES (EUROPEAN OR VINIFERA TYPE)

On July 30, 1953, a notice of proposed rule making was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER (F. R. Doc. 53-6686; 18 F. R. 4462) regarding proposed United States Standards for Sawdust Pack Grapes (European or Vinifera type).

A period of thirty days was allowed for submitting written data, views and arguments for consideration in connection with the proposed standards. After consideration of all relevant matters presented, including the proposals set forth in the aforesaid notice of rule making, the following United States Standards for Sawdust Pack Grapes (European or Vinifera type) are hereby promulgated under the authority contained in the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 (60 Stat. 1087; 7 U. S. C. 1621 et seq.) and the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1954 (Pub. Law 156, 83d Cong., approved July 28, 1953).

§ 51.231 *Standards for sawdust pack grapes (European or Vinifera type)*[1]—(a) *Grades*—(1) *U. S. Fancy Sawdust Pack Grapes.* U. S. Fancy Sawdust Pack Grapes consists of bunches of well developed grapes of one variety which are well matured, fairly uniform in appearance and well colored. The berries shall be firm, firmly attached to capstems and shall not be weak, shriveled at capstems, shattered, split, crushed or wet, and shall be free from decay, waterberry, sunburn and Almeria Spot, and free from damage caused by scarring, discoloration, heat, mildew, other diseases, freezing, insects or mechanical or other means.

(i) *Bunches.* The bunches shall be fairly well filled but not excessively tight. They shall also be free from injury caused by shot berries, dried berries or other defective berries or by the trimming away of defective berries and they shall weigh not less than one-half pound.

(ii) *Stems.* The stems shall be mature, well developed and strong, shall not be dry and brittle, shall be free from mold and free from damage caused by mildew or freezing. The Emperor variety shall have stems which are distinctly yellowish-green or yellow at time of packing.

(iii) *Size of berries.* Not less than 90 percent, by count, of the berries, exclusive of shot berries and dried berries, on each bunch shall have a minimum diameter as indicated by varieties as follows:

Ribier and Cardinal: 13/16 of an inch.
Tokay: 11/16 of an inch.
Almeria: 9/16 of an inch.
Thompson Seedless and Black Monukka; 7/16 of an inch.
Other varieties: 19/16 of an inch.

(iv) *Tolerances.* In order to allow for variations incident to proper grading and handling, the following tolerances, by weight, shall be permitted:

(*a*) 5 percent for bunches which fail to meet the requirements for minimum diameter of berries;

(*b*) 5 percent for bunches which weigh less than one-half pound;

(*c*) 10 percent for bunches which fail to meet the color requirements;

(*d*) 5 percent for bunches which fail to meet the requirements for maturity of stems and color of stems; and,

(*e*) 5 percent for bunches and berries which fail to meet the remaining requirements of this grade, other than for maturity and uniformity of appearance, including therein not more than 3 percent for shattered berries and also including therein not more than one-half of 1 percent for berries which are seriously damaged or affected by decay.

(v) There is no tolerance specified in this grade for grapes which fail to meet the maturity requirements. However, no lot shall be considered as failing to meet these requirements because the sample of grapes from one container tests below the required percentage of soluble solids.

(2) *U. S. No. 1 Sawdust Pack Grapes.* U. S. No. 1 Sawdust Pack Grapes consists of bunches of well developed grapes of one variety which are mature and fairly well colored. The berries shall be firm, firmly attached to capstems and shall not be weak, shriveled at capstems, shattered, split, crushed or wet, and shall be free from decay, waterberry, sunburn and Almeria Spot, and free from damage caused by scarring, discoloration, heat, mildew, other diseases, freezing, insects or mechanical or other means.

(i) *Bunches.* The bunches shall not be straggly. They shall be free from damage caused by shot berries, dried berries or other defective berries or by the trimming away of defective berries and they shall weigh not less than one-half pound.

(ii) *Stems.* The stems shall be well developed and strong, shall not be dry and brittle and shall be free from mold and free from damage caused by mildew or freezing.

(iii) *Size of berries.* Not less than 90 percent, by count, of the berries, exclusive of shot berries and dried berries, on each bunch shall have a minimum diameter as indicated by varieties as follows:

Ribier, Tokay, and Cardinal: 11/16 of an inch.
Almeria: 9/16 of an inch.
Thompson Seedless and Black Monukka: 7/16 of an inch.
Other varieties: 19/16 of an inch.

(iv) *Tolerances.* In order to allow for variations incident to proper grading

[1] These standards shall be applicable only to grapes properly packed in sawdust or granulated cork, and not to so-called "semi-sawdust packs" which are cushioned and/or covered with sawdust.

and handling, the following tolerances, by weight, shall be permitted:

(*a*) 5 percent for bunches which fail to meet the requirements for minimum diameter of berries;

(*b*) 10 percent for bunches which weigh less than one-half pound;

(*c*) 10 percent for bunches which fail to meet the color requirements; and,

(*d*) 5 percent for bunches and berries which fail to meet the remaining requirements of this grade, other than for maturity, including therein not more than one-half of 1 percent for berries which are seriously damaged or affected by decay.

(v) There is no tolerance specified in this grade for grapes which fail to meet the maturity requirements. However, no lot shall be considered as failing to meet these requirements because the sample of grapes from one container tests below the required percentage of soluble solids.

(b) *Unclassified.* Unclassified consists of grapes which have not been classified in accordance with either of the foregoing grades. The term "unclassified" is not a grade within the meaning of these standards, but is provided as a designation to show that no grade has been applied to the lot.

(c) *Application of tolerances to individual packages.* (1) The contents of individual packages in the lot, based on sample inspection, are subject to the following limitations: *Provided,* That the averages for the entire lot are within the tolerances specified for the grade:

(i) For a tolerance of 10 percent or more, individual packages in any lot may contain not more than one and one-half times the tolerance specified; and,

(ii) For a tolerance of less than 10 percent, individual packages in any lot may contain not more than double the tolerance specified, except that for shattered berries and wet berries not more than one-tenth of the packages may contain more than double the tolerance specified.

(d) *Definitions.* (1) "Well developed grapes" means grapes which are not abnormally small for the variety.

(2) "One variety" means that the grapes show similar varietal characteristics.

(3) "Well matured" means that the juice from 10 percent, by weight, of whole bunches of grapes in the container, which appear to be least mature, shall test not less than 17 percent soluble solids, as determined by the Balling or Brix scale hydrometer, except that the Tokay variety shall test not less than 18 percent, the Thompson Seedless variety shall test not less than 19 percent and the Malaga and Muscat varieties shall test not less than 20 percent.

(4) "Fairly uniform in appearance" means that not more than one-tenth of the containers in any lot may show sufficient variation in color or size of berries to materially detract from the appearance of the contents of the individual container.

(5) "Well colored" means in the case of:

(i) "Black varieties" that each bunch shall have not less than 95 percent, by count, of berries showing characteristic color. Purple to black shall be considered characteristic color for the varieties Malvoise, Rose of Peru, Black Prince and Black Hamburg; reddish-purple to black shall be considered characteristic color for Cornichon and Black Monukka. Ribier grape berries shall be considered as showing characteristic color when at least 60 percent of the surface is purple to black color, not reddish-purple;

(ii) "Red varieties" that each bunch of the Tokay variety shall have not less than 60 percent, by count, and other red varieties shall have not less than 75 percent, by count, of berries which show at least 60 percent of the surface with good characteristic color: *Provided,* That the appearance of the bunch shall not be appreciably injured by very dark berries. Light or cherry red and dark red, but not light pink or very dark or purplish-red, are considered good characteristic color for the red varieties, excepting that any color ranging from light red through purple shall be considered good characteristic color for the Cardinal variety; and,

(iii) White varieties: There are no color requirements for the white varieties.

(6) "Firm" means that the berry is reasonably turgid and does not yield more than slightly to moderate pressure.

(7) "Weak" means that the berry is relatively low in sugar content, has inferior flavor and usually is watery, translucent and somewhat soft to the touch.

(8) "Shriveled at capstem" means that the berry shows more than slight wrinkling of the skin surrounding the capstem.

(9) "Shattered" means that the berry is separated from the bunch and may or may not have the capstem attached.

(10) "Wet" means that the grapes are wet from moisture from crushed, leaking or decayed berries or from rain. Grapes which are moist from dew or other moisture condensation such as that resulting from removing grapes from a refrigerator car or cold storage to a warmer location shall not be considered as wet.

(11) "Decay" means any soft breakdown of the flesh or skin of the berry resulting from bacterial or fungus infection. Slight surface development of green mold (Cladosporium) shall not be considered decay.

(12) "Waterberry" means a watery, soft or flabby condition of the berries. Affected berries are low in sugar content, have tender skins and are easily crushed. This is an advanced or more pronounced stage of the condition referred to as "weak."

(13) "Sunburn" means injury to the berry caused by direct exposure to the sun, including "sulphur burn", occurring as a sunken and usually discolored and dried area on the exposed surface.

(14) "Damage" means any defect which materially affects the appearance, or the edible or shipping quality of the individual berry, the appearance of the bunch as a whole, or the shipping quality of the stems.

(i) Any one of the following defects, or any combination of defects, the seriousness of which exceeds the maximum allowed for any one defect, shall be considered as damage to the individual berry:

(*a*) Scarring such as that caused by thrip, mildew, rubs and similar injuries when materially affecting the appearance of the berry;

(*b*) Discoloration when any light brown, tan or darker discoloration of the skin materially affects the appearance of the berry: *Provided,* That "sunkissed" berries of the white Malaga variety which show discoloration of amber or light brown color shall not be considered as damaged. "Buckskin" berries of the Tokay variety, and similar injury to other varieties, shall be considered as damaged by discoloration;

(*c*) Heat when the flesh of the berry is affected;

(*d*) Mildew when active powdery mildew is present;

(*e*) Freezing when the berry is frozen or when the flesh of the berry is affected by freezing; and,

(*f*) Insects when any insect is present or there is visible evidence of insect injury, when mealybug residue or aphis honeydew are present, or when the appearance is materially affected by the presence of leafhopper residue.

(ii) The following shall be considered as damage to stems:

(*a*) Mildew when active powdery mildew is present on the stems, or when scars caused by this disease constrict or weaken any part of the main or lateral stems; and,

(*b*) Freezing when the stems are frozen or the capstems are swollen or dried, or when the main or lateral stems are water-soaked and limp, or dried, as a result of freezing.

(15) "Fairly well filled" means that the berries are reasonably closely spaced on main and lateral stems and that the bunch is not very loose or stringy.

(16) "Excessively tight" means that the berries are so closely wedged together that when the stem is fresh, the bunch is solid and the appearance is materially affected by berries on the lower portions being distinctly distorted from normal shape.

(17) "Injury to the bunch" means any defect which more than slightly affects the appearance of the bunch.

(18) "Shot berries" means very small berries resulting from insufficient pollination, usually seedless in those varieties which normally develop seeds. These berries may be entirely green and hard and are designated as "immature shot berries". They may mature and color uniformly with the normal berries on the bunch and are then designated as "mature shot berries".

(19) "Dried berries" means berries which are dry and shriveled to the extent that practically no moisture is present.

(20) "Well developed and strong" means that the main and lateral stems are firm, fibrous and pliable, and are not distinctly immature or spindly or threadlike at time of packing.

(21) "Diameter" means the greatest dimension of the berry measured at right angles to a line running from the stem to the blossom end.

(22) "Serious damage" means any defect which seriously affects the appearance, or the edible or shipping quality of the grapes and includes berries which are split, crushed, wet, affected by decay or waterberry, or damaged by heat or freezing, except that raisining grapes that are cracked or split, and grapes which show healed cracks at the blossom end shall not be considered as seriously damaged.

(23) "Mature" means that the juice from 10 percent, by weight, of whole bunches of grapes in the container, which appear to be least mature, shall test not less than 17 percent soluble solids, as determined by the Balling or Brix scale hydrometer, except that the varieties Emperor, Gros Colman, Pierce Isabella, Olivette Blanche, Rish Baba, Red Malaga, Cardinal, Ribier, Khalili, Dizmar and varieties similar to or synonymous with the above, shall test not less than 16 percent, and except that Muscat varieties shall test not less than 18 percent.

(24) "Fairly well colored" means in the case of:

(i) "Black varieties" that each bunch shall have not less than 85 percent, by count, of berries showing characteristic color, except that in the varieties Ribier, Rose of Peru, Black Prince, Black Hamburg, and Black Monukka each bunch shall have not less than 75 percent, by count, of berries showing characteristic color. Purple to black shall be considered characteristic color for the varieties Malvoise, Rose of Peru, Black Prince and Black Hamburg; reddish-purple to black shall be considered characteristic color for Cornichon and Black Monukka. Ribier grape berries shall be considered as showing characteristic color when at least 60 percent of the surface is purple to black color, not reddish-purple;

(ii) "Red varieties" that each bunch of the Tokay variety shall have not less than 45 percent, by count, and other red varieties shall have not less than 60 percent, by count, of berries which show at least 60 percent of the surface with characteristic color. Light pink, red, dark red or purple are considered characteristic color for the red varieties. (There are no color requirements for the Pink Thompson Seedless variety, Sultanina Rose); and,

(iii) White varieties: There are no color requirements for the white varieties.

(25) "Straggly" means that the berries are so widely spaced on main and lateral stems that the bunch is distinctly open or very stemmy or stringy in structure.

Effective time. The United States Standards for Sawdust Pack Grapes (European or Vinifera type) contained in this section and which supersede the United States Standards for Sawdust Pack Grapes (European or Vinifera type) effective July 20, 1939, shall become effective thirty (30) days after the date of publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

(Sec. 205, 60 Stat. 1090, Pub. Law 156, 83d Cong.; 7 U. S. C. 1624)

Done at Washington, D. C. this 16th day of September 1953.

[SEAL] ROY W. LENNARTSON,
Assistant Administrator, Production and Marketing Administration.

[F. R. Doc. 53-8104; Filed, Sept. 18, 1953; 8:50 a. m.]

PART 52—PROCESSED FRUITS AND VEGETABLES, PROCESSED PRODUCTS THEREOF, AND CERTAIN OTHER PROCESSED FOOD PRODUCTS

SUBPART B—UNITED STATES STANDARDS[1]

CHILI SAUCE

On May 9, 1953, a notice of proposed rule making was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER (18 F. R. 2714) regarding proposed United States Standards for Grades of Chili Sauce. After considering all relevant matters presented, including the proposals set forth in the aforesaid notice, the following United States Standards for Grades of Chili Sauce are hereby promulgated under the authority contained in the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 (60 Stat. 1087; 7 U. S. C. 1621, et seq.), and the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1954 (Pub. Law 156, 83d Cong., Approved July 28, 1953).

§ 52.258 *Chili sauce.* Chili sauce is the product prepared from mature, clean, sound, tomatoes of the red or reddish varieties which are peeled and chopped or crushed, or all (or a portion) of the tomatoes may be chopped, crushed, or macerated and the peelings screened out in a manner so that at least a substantial portion of the seed remains in the product, to which are added salt, spices, vinegar, nutritive sweetening ingredients, and to which may be added vegetable flavoring ingredients such as chopped onion, chopped green or red pepper, chopped green tomatoes, chopped celery, and sweet pickle relish in such quantities as will not materially alter the appearance of the product with respect to the predominance of the tomato ingredient, and any other ingredients permissible under the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act. The chili sauce is processed in accordance with good commercial practice; is packed in hermetically sealed containers; and is sufficiently processed by heat, before or after sealing, to assure preservation of the product. The refractive index of the filtrate of the chili sauce at 20 degrees C. is not less than 1.3784.

(a) *Grades of chili sauce.* (1) "U. S. Grade A" or "U. S. Fancy" is the quality of chili sauce that possesses a good color; that possesses a good consistency; that possesses a good character; that is practically free from defects; that possesses a good flavor; and that scores not less than 85 points when scored in accordance with the scoring system outlined in this section: *Provided,* That the chili sauce may score not less than 14 points on the factor of character if the total score is not less than 85 points.

(2) "U. S. Grade C" or "U. S. Standard" is the quality of chili sauce that possesses a fairly good color; that possesses a fairly good consistency; that possesses a fairly good character; that is fairly free from defects; that possesses a fairly good flavor; and that scores not less than 70 points when scored in accordance with the scoring system outlined in this section.

(3) "Substandard" is the quality of chili sauce that fails to meet the requirements of "U. S. Grade C" or "U. S. Standard."

(b) *Recommended fill of container for chili sauce.* The recommended fill of container is not incorporated in the grades of the finished product since fill of container, as such, is not a factor of quality for the purposes of these grades. It is recommended that each container of chili sauce be filled as full as practicable without impairment of quality and that the product occupy not less than 90 percent of the capacity of the container.

(c) *Ascertaining the grade.* (1) The grade of the chili sauce is ascertained by considering, in conjunction with the requirements of the respective grade, the respective ratings for the factors of color, consistency, character, absence of defects, and flavor. The relative importance of each factor which is scored is expressed numerically on the scale of 100. The maximum number of points that may be given for each such factor is:

Factors:	Points
(i) Color	20
(ii) Consistency	20
(iii) Character	20
(iv) Absence of defects	20
(v) Flavor	20
Total score	100

(d) *Ascertaining the rating for the factors which are scored.* The essential variations within each factor which is scored are so described that the value may be ascertained for each factor and expressed numerically. The numerical range within each factor which is scored is inclusive (for example, "17 to 20 points" means 17, 18, 19, and 20 points).

(1) *Color.* (i) Chili sauce that possesses a good color may be given a score of 17 to 20 points. "Good color" means that the color of the chili sauce is bright; the color of the tomato ingredient is predominant and characteristic of properly prepared, well ripened, properly processed tomatoes; and that the added seasoning ingredients do not materially detract from the appearance of the product.

(ii) If the chili sauce possesses a fairly good color, a score of 14 to 16 points may be given. Chili sauce that scores in this classification shall not be graded above U. S. Grade C or U. S. Standard, regardless of the total score for the product (this is a limiting rule). "Fairly good color" means that the color of the chili sauce may be slightly dull but not off

[1] The requirements of these standards shall not excuse failure to comply with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act.

color; the color of the tomato ingredient is characteristic of properly prepared, fairly well ripened, properly processed tomatoes; and that the added seasoning ingredients do not seriously detract from the appearance of the product.

(iii) Chili sauce that fails to meet the requirements of subdivision (ii) of this subparagraph may be given a score of 0 to 13 points and shall not be graded above Substandard, regardless of the total score for the product (this is a limiting rule).

(2) *Consistency.* (i) Chili sauce that possesses a good consistency may be given a score of 17 to 20 points. "Good consistency" means that the chili sauce is heavy bodied and when emptied from the container to a flat surface forms a moderately mounded mass and shows not more than a slight separation of free liquid at the edges of the mass.

(ii) If the chili sauce possesses only a fairly good consistency a score of 14 to 16 points may be given. Chili sauce that falls into this classification shall not be graded above U. S. Grade C or U. S. Standard, regardless of the total score for the product (this is a limiting rule). "Fairly good consistency" means that the chili sauce, when emptied from the container to a flat surface, may tend to level itself, or may show a moderate separation of free liquid at the edges of the mass, but is not excessively stiff or excessively liquid.

(iii) Chili sauce that fails to meet the requirements of subdivision (ii) of this subparagraph may be given a score of 0 to 13 points and shall not be graded above Substandard, regardless of the total score for the product (this is a limiting rule).

(3) *Character.* The factor of character refers to the degree of disintegration of the tomatoes, and the tenderness and texture of the onion, celery, pickle relish, or other similar ingredients.

(i) Chili sauce that possesses a good character may be given a score of 17 to 20 points. "Good character" means that the product does not have a finely comminuted appearance and that the onion, celery, pickle relish, and other similar ingredients are tender, reasonably firm, or crisp in texture.

(ii) If the chili sauce possesses a fairly good character a score of 14 to 16 points may be given. "Fairly good character" means that the product may be finely comminuted and that the other vegetable ingredients may be only fairly tender.

(iii) Chili sauce that fails to meet the requirements of subdivision (ii) of this subparagraph may be given a score of 0 to 13 points and shall not be graded above Substandard, regardless of the total score for the product (this is a limiting rule).

(4) *Absence of defects.* The factor of absence of defects refers to the degree of freedom from dark specks or scale-like particles, discolored seeds or pieces of abnormally discolored ingredients, tomato peel, and other defects.

(i) Chili sauce that is practically free from defects may be given a score of 17 to 20 points. "Practically free from defects" means that any defects present do not more than slightly affect the appearance or eating quality of the product.

(ii) If the chili sauce is fairly free from defects, a score of 14 to 16 points may be given. Chili sauce that falls into this classification shall not be graded above U. S. Grade C or U. S. Standard, regardless of the total score for the product (this is a limiting rule). "Fairly free from defects" means that any defects present may be noticeable but are not so large, so numerous, or so prominent as to seriously affect the appearance or eating quality of the product.

(iii) Chili sauce that fails to meet the requirements of subdivision (ii) of this subparagraph may be given a score of 0 to 13 points and shall not be graded above Substandard, regardless of the total score for the product (this is a limiting rule).

(5) *Flavor.* (i) Chili sauce that possesses a good flavor may be given a score of 17 to 20 points. "Good flavor" means a good distinct flavor characteristic of chili sauce properly prepared from good quality ingredients. Such flavor is free from scorching or any objectionable flavor of any kind.

(ii) If the chili sauce possesses a fairly good flavor, a score of 14 to 16 points may be given. Chili sauce that falls into this classification shall not be graded above U. S. Grade C or U. S. Standard, regardless of the total score for the product (this is a limiting rule). "Fairly good flavor" means that the product may be lacking in good characteristic flavor, but is free from objectionable or off-flavors of any kind.

(iii) Chili sauce that fails to meet the requirements of subdivision (ii) of this subparagraph may be given a score of 0 to 13 points and shall not be graded above Substandard, regardless of the total score for the product (this is a limiting rule).

(e) *Tolerances for certification of officially drawn samples.* (1) When certifying samples that have been officially drawn and which represent a specific lot of chili sauce the grade for such lot will be determined by averaging the total scores of the containers comprising the sample, if, with respect to those factors which are scored:

(i) Not more than one-sixth of the containers fails to meet the grade indicated by the average of such total scores;

(ii) None of the containers falls more than 4 points below the minimum score for the grade indicated by the average of such total scores;

(iii) None of the containers falls more than one grade below the grade indicated by the average of such total scores;

(iv) The average score of all containers for any factor subject to a limiting rule is within the score range of that factor for the grade indicated by the average of the total scores of the containers comprising the sample; and

(2) All containers comprising the sample meet all applicable standards of quality promulgated under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act and in effect at the time of the aforesaid certification.

(f) *Score sheet for chili sauce.*

Type of container
Container size
Label
Net weight or volume
Total solids
Vacuum readings

Factors	Score points	
I. Color	20	(A) 17–20 (C) [1] 14–16 (SStd) [1] 0–13
II. Consistency	20	(A) 17–20 (C) [1] 14–16 (SStd) [1] 0–13
III. Character	20	(A) 17–20 (C) 14–16 (SStd) [1] 0–13
IV. Absence of defects	20	(A) 17–20 (C) [1] 14–16 (SStd) [1] 0–13
V. Flavor	20	(A) 17–20 (C) [1] 14–16 (SStd) [1] 0–13
Total score	100	

Normal flavor and odor
Grade

[1] Indicates limiting rule.

Effective time. The United States Standards for Grades of Chili Sauce (which are the first issue) contained in this section will become effective thirty days after date of publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

(Sec. 205, 60 Stat. 1090, Pub. Law 156, 83d Cong.; 7 U. S. C. 1624)

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 16th day of September 1953.

[SEAL] ROY W. LENNARTSON,
Assistant Administrator, Production and Marketing Administration.

[F. R. Doc. 53-8103; Filed, Sept. 18, 1953; 8:50 a. m.]

Chapter IX—Production and Marketing Administration (Marketing Agreements and Orders), Department of Agriculture

[Grapefruit Reg. 183]

PART 933—ORANGES, GRAPEFRUIT, AND TANGERINES GROWN IN FLORIDA

LIMITATION OF SHIPMENTS

§ 933.632 *Grapefruit Regulation 183*—(a) *Findings.* (1) Pursuant to the marketing agreement, as amended, and Order No. 33, as amended (7 CFR Part 933), regulating the handling of oranges, grapefruit, and tangerines grown in the State of Florida, effective under the applicable provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended, and upon the basis of the recommendations of the committees established under the aforesaid amended marketing agreement and order, and upon other available information, it is hereby found that the limitation of shipments of grapefruit, as hereinafter provided, will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act.

(2) It is hereby further found that it is impracticable and contrary to the public interest to give preliminary notice, engage in public rule making procedure, and postpone the effective date of this section until 30 days after pub-

lication in the FEDERAL REGISTER (60 Stat. 237; 5 U. S. C. 1001 et seq.) because the time intervening between the date when information upon which this section is based became available and the time when this section must become effective in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act is insufficient; a reasonable time is permitted, under the circumstances, for preparation for such effective time; and good cause exists for making the provisions hereof effective not later than September 21, 1953. Shipments of grapefruit, grown in the State of Florida, are presently subject to regulation by grades and sizes, pursuant to the amended marketing agreement and order, and will so continue until September 21, 1953, the recommendation and supporting information for continued regulation subsequent to September 20 was promptly submitted to the Department after an open meeting of the Growers Administrative Committee on September 15; such meeting was held to consider recommendations for regulation, after giving due notice of such meeting, and interested persons were afforded an opportunity to submit their views at this meeting; the provisions of this section, including the effective time hereof, are identical with the aforesaid recommendation of the committee, and information concerning such provisions and effective time has been disseminated among handlers of such grapefruit; it is necessary, in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act, to make this section effective during the period hereinafter set forth so as to provide for the continued regulation of the handling of grapefruit; and compliance with this section will not require any special preparation on the part of persons subject thereto which cannot be completed by the effective time hereof.

(b) *Order.* (1) During the period beginning at 12:01 a. m., e. s. t., September 21, 1953, and ending at 12:01 a. m., e. s. t., September 28, 1953, no handler shall ship:

(i) Any grapefruit, grown in the State of Florida, which do not grade at least U. S. No. 2;

(ii) Any white seeded grapefruit, grown in the State of Florida, which are of a size smaller than a size that will pack 80 grapefruit, packed in accordance with the requirements of a standard pack, in a standard nailed box;

(iii) Any white seedless grapefruit, grown in the State of Florida, which are of a size smaller than a size that will pack 96 grapefruit, packed in accordance with the requirements of a standard pack, in a standard nailed box;

(iv) Any pink seeded grapefruit, grown in the State of Florida, which are of a size smaller than a size that will pack 80 grapefruit, packed in accordance with the requirements of a standard pack, in a standard nailed box; or

(v) Any pink seedless grapefruit, grown in the State of Florida, which are of a size smaller than a size that will pack 112 grapefruit, packed in accordance with the requirements of a standard pack, in a standard nailed box.

(2) As used in this section, "handler," and "ship" shall have the same meaning as when used in said amended marketing agreement and order; "U. S. No. 2," "standard pack," and "standard nailed box" shall have the same meaning as when used in the revised United States Standards for Florida Grapefruit (§ 51.193 of this title; 17 F. R. 7408).

(Sec. 5, 49 Stat. 753, as amended; 7 U. S. C. and Sup. 608c)

Done at Washington, D. C., this 17th day of September 1953.

[SEAL] S. R. SMITH,
Director, Fruit and Vegetable Branch, Production and Marketing Administration.

[F. R. Doc. 53-8116; Filed, Sept. 18, 1953; 8:52 a. m.]

[Orange Reg. 238]

PART 933—ORANGES, GRAPEFRUIT, AND TANGERINES GROWN IN FLORIDA

LIMITATION OF SHIPMENTS

§ 933.633 *Orange Regulation 238*—(a) *Findings.* (1) Pursuant to the marketing agreement, as amended, and Order No. 33, as amended (7 CFR Part 933), regulating the handling of oranges, grapefruit, and tangerines grown in the State of Florida, effective under the applicable provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended, and upon the basis of the recommendations of the committees established under the aforesaid amended marketing agreement and order, and upon other available information, it is hereby found that the limitation of shipments of oranges, as hereinafter provided, will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act.

(2) It is hereby further found that it is impracticable and contrary to the public interest to give preliminary notice, engage in public rule making procedure, and postpone the effective date of this section until 30 days after publication thereof in the FEDERAL REGISTER (60 Stat. 237; 5 U. S. C. 1001 et seq.) because the time intervening between the date when information upon which this section is based became available and the time when this section must become effective in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act is insufficient; a reasonable time is permitted, under the circumstances, for preparation for such effective time; and good cause exists for making the provisions hereof effective not later than September 21, 1953. Shipments of oranges, grown in the State of Florida, are presently subject to regulation by grades and sizes, pursuant to the amended marketing agreement and order, and will so continue until September 21, 1953; the recommendation and supporting information for continued regulation subsequent to September 20 was promptly submitted to the Department after an open meeting of the Growers Administrative Committee on September 15; such meeting was held to consider recommendations for regulation, after giving due notice of such meeting, and interested persons were afforded an opportunity to submit their views at this meeting; the provisions of this section, including the effective time hereof, are identical with the aforesaid recommendation of the committee, and information concerning such provisions and effective time has been disseminated among handlers of such oranges; it is necessary, in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act, to make this section effective during the period hereinafter set forth so as to provide for the continued regulation of the handling of oranges; and compliance with this section will not require any special preparation on the part of the persons subject thereto which cannot be completed by the effective time hereof.

(b) *Order.* (1) During the period beginning at 12:01 a. m., e.s.t., September 21, 1953, and ending at 12:01 a. m., e. s. t., September 28, 1953, no handler shall ship:

(i) Any oranges, except Temple oranges, grown in the State of Florida, which do not grade at least U. S. No. 2 Russet.

(2) As used in this section, the terms "handler," "ship," and "Growers Administrative Committee" shall each have the same meaning as when used in said amended marketing agreement and order; and the term "U. S. No. 2 Russet," shall have the same meaning as when used in the revised United States Standards for Florida oranges (§ 51.302 of this title; 17 F. R. 7879).

(Sec. 5, 49 Stat. 753, as amended; 7 U. S. C. and Sup. 608c)

Done at Washington, D. C., this 17th day of September 1953.

[SEAL] S. R. SMITH,
Director, Fruit and Vegetable Branch, Production and Marketing Administration.

[F. R. Doc. 53-8117; Filed, Sept. 17, 1953; 8:52 a. m.]

[Lemon Reg. 503]

PART 953—LEMONS GROWN IN CALIFORNIA AND ARIZONA

LIMITATION OF SHIPMENTS

§ 953.610 *Lemon Regulation 503*—(a) *Findings.* (1) Pursuant to the marketing agreement, as amended, and Order No. 53, as amended (7 CFR Part 953), regulating the handling of lemons grown in the State of California or in the State of Arizona, effective under the applicable provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U. S. C. 601 et seq.), and upon the basis of the recommendation and information submitted by the Lemon Administrative Committee, established under the said amended marketing agreement and order, and upon other available information, it is hereby found that the limitation of the quantity of such lemons which may be handled, as hereinafter provided, will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act.

(2) It is hereby further found that it is impracticable and contrary to the public interest to give preliminary notice, engage in public rule-making procedure,

and postpone the effective date of this section until 30 days after publication thereof in the FEDERAL REGISTER (60 Stat. 237; 5 U. S. C. 1001 et seq.) because the time intervening between the date when information upon which this section is based became available and the time when this section must become effective in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act is insufficient, and a reasonable time is permitted, under the circumstances, for preparation for such effective time; and good cause exists for making the provisions of this section effective as hereinafter set forth. Shipments of lemons, grown in the State of California or in the State of Arizona, are currently subject to regulation pursuant to said amended marketing agreement and order; the recommendation and supporting information for regulation during the period specified in this section was promptly submitted to the Department after an open meeting of the Lemon Administrative Committee on September 16, 1953, such meeting was held, after giving due notice thereof to consider recommendations for regulation, and interested persons were afforded an opportunity to submit their views at this meeting; the provisions of this section including its effective time, are identical with the aforesaid recommendation of the committee, and information concerning such provisions and effective time has been disseminated among handlers of such lemons; it is necessary, in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act, to make this section effective during the period hereinafter specified; and compliance with this section will not require any special preparation on the part of persons subject thereto which cannot be completed by the effective time thereof.

(b) *Order.* (1) The quantity of lemons grown in the State of California or in the State of Arizona which may be handled during the period beginning at 12:01 a. m., P. s. t., September 20, 1953, and ending at 12:01 a. m., P. s. t. September 27, 1953, is hereby fixed as follows:

(i) District 1: Unlimited movement;

(ii) District 2: 250 carloads;

(iii) District 3: Unlimited movement.

(2) The prorate base of each handler who has made application therefor, as provided in the said amended marketing agreement and order, is hereby fixed in accordance with the prorate base schedule which is set forth below and made a part hereof by this reference.

(3) As used in this section, "handled," "handler," "carloads," "prorate base," "District 1," "District 2" and "District 3," shall have the same meaning as when used in the said amended marketing agreement and order.

(Sec. 5, 49 Stat. 753, as amended; 7 U. S. C. and Sup. 608c)

Done at Washington, D. C., this 17th day of September 1953.

[SEAL] S. R. SMITH,
Director, Fruit and Vegetable Branch, Producting and Marketing Administration.

PRORATE BASE SCHEDULE

DISTRIT NO. 2

[Storage Date: September 13, 1953]

[12:01 a. m. September 20, 1953, to 12:01 a. m. October 4, 1953]

Handler	*Prorate base (percent)*
Total	100.000
American Fruit Growers Inc., Corona	.082
American Fruit Growers, Inc., Fullerton	.447
American Fruit Growers, Inc., Upland	.118
Consolidated Lemon Co	.757
Ventura Coastal Lemon Co	1.367
Ventura Pacific Co	2.994
Chula Vista Mutual Lemon Association	.560
Index Mutual Association	.236
La Verne Cooperative Citrus Association	2.310
Ventura County Orange & Lemon Association	3.304
Glendora Lemon Growers Association	1.142
La Verne Lemon Association	.605
La Habra Citrus Association	.631
Yorba Linda Citrus Association	.679
Escondido Lemon Association	2.258
Cucamonga Mesa Growers	.556
Etiwanda Citrus Fruit Association	.230
San Dimas Lemon Association	.865
Upland Lemon Growers Association	3.939
Central Lemon Association	.903
Irvine Citrus Association	.867
Placentia Mutual Orange Association	.495
Corona Citrus Association	.160
Corona Foothill Lemon Co	1.521
Jameson Co	.740
Arlington Heights Citrus Co	.291
College Heights Orange & Lemon Association	3.552
Chula Vista Citrus Association, The	1.004
Escondido Cooperative Citrus Association	.176
Fallbrook Citrus Association	1.248
Lemon Grove Citrus Association	.202
Carpinteria Lemon Association	3.034
Carpinteria Mutual Citrus Association	3.403
Goleta Lemon Association	6.170
Johnson Fruit Co	7.233
North Whittier Heights Citrus Association	.407
San Fernando Heights Lemon Association	.281
Sierra Madre-Lamanda Citrus Association	.189
Briggs Lemon Association	3.238
Culbertson Lemon Association	1.393
Fillmore Lemon Association	.810
Oxnard Citrus Association	5.574
Rancho Sespe	.896
Santa Clara Lemon Association	5.014
Santa Paula Citrus Fruit Association	4.475
Saticoy Lemon Association	5.335
Seaboard Lemon Association	5.143
Somis Lemon Association	4.485
Ventura Citrus Association	1.764
Ventura County Citrus Association	.579
Limoneira Co	3.515
Teague-McKevett Association	1.029
East Whittier Citrus Association	.216
Murphy Ranch Co	1.052
Dunning, Vera Hueck	.000
Far West Produce Distributors	.016
Huarte, Joseph D	.000
Paramount Citrus Association, Inc	.419
Santa Rosa Lemon Co	.091

[F. R. Doc. 53-8139; Filed, Sept. 18, 1953; 8:45 a. m.]

PART 958—IRISH POTATOES GROWN IN COLORADO

APPROVAL OF BUDGET OF EXPENSES AND FIXING RATE OF ASSESSMENT

Notice of proposed rule making regarding rules and regulations relative to a proposed budget of expenses and rate of assessment, to be made effective under Marketing Agreement No. 97 and Order No. 58 (7 CFR Part 958) regulating the handling of Irish potatoes grown in the State of Colorado, was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER (18 F. R. 4968). This regulatory program is effective under the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (48 Stat. 31, as amended, 7 U. S. C. 601 et seq.). After consideration of all relevant matters presented, including the rules and regulations set forth in the aforesaid notice, which rules and regulations were adopted and submitted for approval by the administrative committee for Area No. 1, established pursuant to said marketing agreement and order, the following rules and regulations are hereby approved:

§ 958.213 *Budget of expenses and rate of assessment.* (a) The expenses necessary to be incurred by the administrative committee for Area No. 1, established pursuant to Marketing Agreement No. 97 and Order No. 58, to enable such committee to carry out its functions pursuant to the provisions of the aforesaid marketing agreement and order during the fiscal year ending May 31, 1954, will amount to $1,000.00.

(b) The rate of assessment to be paid by each handler who first ships potatoes shall be one cent ($0.01) per hundredweight of potatoes handled by him as the first handler thereof during said fiscal year, and

(c) The terms used in this section shall have the same meaning as when used in Marketing Agreement No. 97 and Order No. 58 (§§ 958.1 to 958.19).

(Sec. 5, 49 Stat. 753, as amended; 7 U. S. C. and Sup. 608c)

Done at Washington, D. C., this 16th day of September 1953, to become effective 30 days after publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

[SEAL] JOHN H. DAVIS,
Assistant Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 53-8105; Filed, Sept. 18, 1953; 8:51 a. m.]

[958.313 Amdt. 1]

PART 958—IRISH POTATOES GROWN IN COLORADO

LIMITATION OF SHIPMENTS

Findings. (a) Pursuant to marketing Agreement No. 97 and Order No. 58 (7 CFR Part 958), regulating the handling of Irish potatoes grown in the State of Colorado, effective under the applicable provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (48 Stat. 31, as amended, 7 U. S. C. 601 et seq.), and upon the basis of the rec-

ommendation and information submitted by the administrative committee for Area No. 2, established pursuant to said marketing agreement and order, and upon other available information, it is hereby found that the amendment to the limitation of shipments, as hereinafter provided, will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act.

(b) It is hereby found that it is impracticable and contrary to the public interest to give preliminary notice, engage in public rule making procedure, and postpone the effective date of this amendment until 30 days after publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER (5 U. S. C. 1001 et seq.) in that (1) the time intervening between the date when information upon which this amendment is based became available and the time when this amendment must become effective in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act is insufficient, (2) more orderly marketing in the public intester, than would otherwise prevail, will be promoted by regulating the shipment of potatoes, in the manner set forth below, on and after the effective date of this amendment, (3) compliance with this amendment will not require any preparation on the part of handlers which cannot be completed by the effective date, and (4) information regarding the committee's recommendations has been made available to producers and handlers in the production area.

Order as amended. The provisions of § 958.313 (FEDERAL REGISTER, July 23, 1953, 18 F. R. 4280), are hereby amended in the following respects:

1. Amend the provisions of subparagraph (1) of paragraph (b) to read as follows:

(b) *Order.* (1) During the period September 21, 1953, to May 31, 1954, both dates inclusive, no handler shall ship:

(i) Potatoes of any red skin variety (including, but not being limited to, Red McClures, Pontiacs, and Bliss Triumphs) grown in Area No. 2, which do not meet the requirements of the U. S. No. 1, or better grade;

(ii) Potatoes of any other variety (including, but not being limited to, Russet Burbank, and White Rose types, Irish Cobblers, Katahdins, and Kennebecs grown in Area No. 2, which do not meet the requirements of the U. S. No. 2, or better grade;

(iii) Any potatoes of the round varieties (including, but not being limited to, Red McClures, Irish Cobblers, Katahdins, Kennebecs, Pontiacs, and Bliss Triumphs) grown in Area No. 2, which are less than 2 inches minimum diameter; and

(iv) Any potatoes of the long varieties (including, but not being limited to, Russet Burbank, and White Rose types) grown in Area No. 2, which are less than 2 inches minimum diameter or 4 ounces minimum weight.

2. Add paragraph (c) as follows:

(c) During the effective time of this section, the provisions of paragraph (a) of § 958.2 General Cull Regulation shall be suspended.

(Sec. 5, 49 Stat. 753, as amended; 7 U. S. C. and Sup. 608c)

Done at Washington, D. C., this 16th day of September 1953, to become effective September 21, 1953.

[SEAL] S. R. SMITH,
Director, Fruit and Vegetable Branch, Production and Marketing Administration.

[F. R. Doc. 53-8106; Filed, Sept. 18, 1953; 8:51 a. m.]

TITLE 14—CIVIL AVIATION

Chapter II—Civil Aeronautics Administration, Department of Commerce

[Amdt. 38]

PART 609—STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURES

ALTERATIONS

The standard instrument approach procedure alterations appearing hereinafter are adopted to become effective when indicated in order to promote safety of the flying public. Compliance with the notice, procedures, and effective date provisions of section 4 of the Administrative Procedure Act would be impracticable and contrary to the public interest, and therefore is not required.

Part 609 is amended as follows:

1. The low frequency range procedures prescribed in § 609.6 are amended to read in part:

LFR STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURE

Bearings, headings, and courses are magnetic. Distances are in statute miles unless otherwise indicated. Elevations and altitudes are in feet, MSL. Ceilings are in feet above airport elevation.
If an LFR instrument approach is conducted at the below named airport, it shall be in accordance with the following instrument approach procedure, unless an approach is conducted in accordance with a different procedure authorized by the Administrator for Civil Aeronautics for such airport. Initial approaches shall be made over specified routes. Minimum altitude(s) shall correspond with those established for en route operation in the particular area or as set forth below.

City and state; airport name, elevation; facility: class and identification; procedure No.; effective date	Initial approach to facility from—	Course and distance	Minimum altitude (ft.)	Procedure turn (—) side of final approach course (outbound and inbound); altitudes; limiting distances	Minimum altitude over facility on final approach course (ft.)	Course and distance, facility to airport	Ceiling and visibility minimums			If visual contact not established at authorized landing minimums after passing facility within distance specified, or if landing not accomplished
							Condition	Type aircraft		
								75 m. p. h. or less	More than 75 m. p. h.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
POINT BARROW, ALASKA Point Barrow Navy 9′ BMRLZ-P-DV—PBA Oct. 1, 1953	Canceled.									

2. The automatic direction finding procedures prescribed in § 609.9 are amended to read in part:

ADF STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURE

Bearings, headings, and courses are magnetic. Distances are in statute miles unless otherwise indicated. Elevations and altitudes are in feet, MSL. Ceilings are in feet above airport elevation.

If an ADF instrument approach is conducted at the below named airport, it shall be in accordance with the following instrument approach procedure, unless an approach is conducted in accordance with a different procedure authorized by the Administrator for Civil Aeronautics for such airport. Initial approaches shall be made over specified routes. Minimum altitude(s) shall correspond with those established for en route operation in the particular area or as set forth below.

City and state; airport name, elevation; facility; class and identification; procedure No.; effective date	Initial approach to facility from—	Course and distance	Minimum altitude (ft.)	Procedure turn (—) side of final approach course (outbound and inbound); altitudes; limiting distances	Minimum altitude over facility on final approach course (ft.)	Course and distance, facility to airport	Ceiling and visibility minimums			If visual contact not established at authorized landing minimums after passing facility within distance specified, or if landing not accomplished
							Condition	Type aircraft		
								75 m. p. h. or less	More than 75 m. p. h.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
EVANSVILLE, IND. Dress Memorial 389′ LOM-EV Procedure No. 1 Sept. 4, 1953	Evansville LFR	118 3.9	1,800	North side of course: 035 outbound 215 inbound 1,800′ within 15 miles.	1,800	215 4.5	T-dn C-d C-n S-dn 21 A-dn	300-1 600-1 600-2 500-1 800-2	300-1 600-1½ 600-2 500-1 800-2	Within 4.5 miles; make left climbing turn to 2,000′ proceeding out S. course EVV-LFR. CAUTION: Radio tower 920′ located 4.5 miles SW of Evansville Airport. Alternate missed approach as directed by ATC as follows: Make right climbing turn to 2,000′ on a magnetic heading of 340° intercept W course of EVV-LFR and proceed on course within 25 miles.
	Evansville VOR	053 20.0	2,000							
	Int. N crs. EVV-LFR and 168° Brg. to LOM	168 14.7	1,800							
	Int. E crs. EVV-LFR and Brg. 215° to LOM (Final)	215 3.0	1,800							
	Int. S crs. EVV-LFR and 035° Brg. to LOM	035 3.5	1,800							
	Int. 242° crs. to EVV-VOR and 254° Brg. to LOM (Final)	254 15.0	1,800							
	Int. 257° crs. to EVV-VOR and 284° Brg. to LOM	284 20.0	1,800							
	Int. 212° crs. to EVV-VOR and Brg. 190° to LOM	190 20.0	1,800							
POINT BARROW, ALASKA Point Barrow Navy 9′ PWL-MHW Procedure No. 1 Oct. 1, 1953	Canceled.									

3. The instrument landing system procedures prescribed in § 609.11 are amended to read in part:

ILS STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURE

Bearing, headings, and courses are magnetic. Distances are in statute miles unless otherwise indicated. Elevations and altitudes are in feet, MSL. Ceilings are in feet above airport elevation.

If an ILS instrument approach is conducted at the below named airport, it shall be in accordance with the following instrument approach procedure, unless an approach is conducted in accordance with a different procedure authorized by the Administrator for Civil Aeronautics for such airport. Initial approaches shall be made over specified routes. Minimum altitude(s) shall correspond with those established for en route operation in the particular area or as set forth below:

City and state; airport name, elevation; Facility: Class and identification; procedure No.; effective date	Transition to ILS				Procedure turn (—) side of final approach course (outbound and inbound); altitudes; limiting distances	Minimum altitude at glide slope interception inbound (ft.)	Altitude of glide slope and distance to approach end of runway at—		Ceiling and visibility minimums			If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished
	From—	To—	Course and distance	Minimum altitudes (ft.)			Outer marker	Middle marker	Condition	Type aircraft: 75 m. p. h. or less	Type aircraft: More than 75 m. p. h.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
EVANSVILLE, IND. Dress Memorial 389′ ILS-EVV Procedure No. 1 Sept. 4, 1953	Evansville LFR	LOM	118 3.9	1,800	North side northeast course 035 outbound 215 inbound 1,800′ within 5 miles	1,800	1,704 4.5	631 0.6	T-dn C-d C-n S-dn 21 A-dn	300-1 600-1 600-2 400-1 800-2	300-1 600-1½ 600-2 400-1 800-2	Make left turn, climb to 2,000′ and proceed out S course EVV-LFR. CAUTION: Radio tower 920′ MSL located 4.5 miles SW of Evansville Airport. Alternate missed approach as directed by ATC as follows: Make right turn climb to 2,000′ out NW course EVV-LFR.
	Evansville VOR	LOM	053 20.1	2,000								
	Int. E crs. EVV-LFR and NE ILS crs. (Final)	LOM	215 3.0	1,800								
	Int. S crs. EVV-LFR and NE ILS Crs.	LOM	035 3.5	1,800								
	Int. 242° crs. to EVV-VOR and Brg. to LOM (Final)	LOM	254 15.0	1,800								
	Int. 257° crs. to EVV-VOR and Brg. to LOM	LOM	284 20.0	1,800								
	Int. 212° crs. to EVV-VOR and Brg. to LOM (Final)	LOM	190 20.0	1,800								
	Princeton FM	LOM	168 14.7	1,800								

These procedures shall become effective upon publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

(Sec. 205, 52 Stat. 984, as amended; 49 U. S. C. 425. Interpret or apply sec. 601, 52 Stat. 1007, as amended; 49 U. S. C. 551)

[SEAL]

S. A. KEMP,
Acting Administrator of Civil Aeronautics.

[F. R. Doc. 53-8084; Filed, Sept. 18, 1953; 8:45 a. m.]

TITLE 15—COMMERCE AND FOREIGN TRADE

Chapter III—Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Department of Commerce

Subchapter C—Office of International Trade

[6th Gen. Rev. of Export Regs., Amdt. 64]

PART 380—AMENDMENTS, EXTENSIONS, TRANSFERS

AMENDMENTS OR ALTERATIONS OF LICENSES; WHERE TO FILE

Section 380.2 *Amendments or alterations of licenses*, paragraph (f) *Where to file* is amended in the following particulars:

1. Subdivision (i) *Delegation of authority* of subparagraph (1) *General* is amended by adding the following entry to the table of field offices listed therein: "El Paso".

2. Subdivision (iii) of subparagraph (3) *Amendment requests on which field offices may not take action* is amended to read as follows:

(iii) The validity period of licenses for nickel-bearing stainless steel commodities (as set forth in § 373.40 (d) of this subchapter) may not be extended unless the licensee submits evidence showing that the commodities are in his possession and a certification that the material was purchased in accordance with the applicable NPA regulations.

This amendment shall become effective as of September 10, 1953.

(Sec. 3, 63 Stat. 7, 65 Stat. 43, 67 Stat. 62; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2023. E. O. 9630, Sept. 27, 1945, 10 F. R. 12245, 3 CFR, 1945; Supp.; E. O. 9919, Jan. 3, 1948, 13 F. R. 59, 3 CFR, 1948 Supp.)

LORING K. MACY,
Director,
Office of International Trade.

[F. R. Doc. 53-8092; Filed, Sept. 18, 1953; 8:47 a. m.]

TITLE 24—HOUSING AND HOUSING CREDIT

Chapter II — Federal Housing Administration, Housing and Home Finance Agency

Subchapter D—Multifamily and Group Housing Insurance

PART 232—MULTIFAMILY HOUSING INSURANCE: ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS OF MORTGAGE COVERING MULTIFAMILY HOUSING

ELIGIBILITY FOR INSURANCE

Section 232.4 (b) is hereby amended to read as follows:

(b) A mortgage, other than a mortgage executed by a mortgagor of the character described in § 232.17 (b) may involve a principal obligation not exceeding $5,000,000 and not in excess of 80 per centum of the estimated value of the property or project (when the proposed improvements are completed); and not in excess of the amount which the Commissioner estimates will be the cost of the completed physical improvements of the property or project exclusive of public utilities and streets, and organization and legal expenses; and not to exceed, for such part of such property or project as may be attributable to dwelling use, $2,000 per room (or $7,200 per family unit if the number of rooms in such property or project does not equal or exceed four per family unit) and not in excess of $10,000 per family unit.

(Sec. 211, 52 Stat. 23; 12 U. S. C. 1715b)

Issued at Washington, D. C., September 14, 1953.

[SEAL] GUY T. O. HOLLYDAY,
Federal Housing Commissioner.

[F. R. Doc. 53-8088; Filed, Sept. 18, 1953; 8:46 a. m.]

TITLE 26—INTERNAL REVENUE

Chapter I—Internal Revenue Service, Department of the Treasury

Subchapter A—Income and Excess Profits Taxes

[T. D. 6042; Reg. 111]

PART 29—INCOME TAX; TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING AFTER DECEMBER 31, 1941

REQUIREMENT FOR FILING INFORMATION RETURNS REPORTING DIVIDENDS PAID BY SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS AND SIMILAR ORGANIZATIONS FOR CALENDAR YEARS AFTER 1952

Section 29.148-1 of Regulations 111 (26 CFR Part 29), as amended by Treasury Decision 5914, approved June 24, 1952, is further amended as follows:

(A) By striking out the last sentence of (b) which reads as follows: "In the case of a building and loan association, a cooperative bank, a homestead association, a credit union, a savings and loan association, or a corporation described in section 101 (10), (11), (12), or (13), making a payment of a dividend or a distribution to any shareholder, the information return on Forms 1096 and 1099 shall be rendered only in the case of payments amounting to $100 or more during the calendar year."

(B) By inserting in lieu of such last sentence the following: "In the case of a corporation described in section 101 (10), (11), (12), or (13), making a payment of a dividend or a distribution to any shareholder, the information return on Forms 1096 and 1099 shall be rendered only in the case of payments amounting to $100 or more during the calendar year. In the case of a savings and loan association, a cooperative bank, a homestead association, a credit union, or a building and loan association an information return is required to be filed with respect to dividends or distributions to a shareholder only if an information return would have been required under the provisions of § 29.147-1 had the dividends or distributions been payments of interest, except that, for years prior to 1953, such an organization is required to file an information return where the payments to a shareholder amount to $100 or more during the calendar year."

Because the purpose of this Treasury decision is to reduce the burden of filing information returns with respect to payments made by certain organizations for calendar years after 1952, it is found that it is unnecessary to issue this Treasury decision with notice and public procedure thereon under section 4 (a) of the Administrative Procedure Act, approved June 11, 1946, or subject to the effective date limitation of section 4 (c) of said act.

(53 Stat. 32, 467; 26 U. S. C. 62, 3791. Interprets or applies 53 Stat. 65; 26 U. S. C. 148)

T. COLEMAN ANDREWS,
Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

Approved: September 16, 1953.

M. B. FOLSOM,
Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

[F. R. Doc. 53-8098; Filed, Sept. 18, 1953; 8:49 a. m.]

TITLE 33—NAVIGATION AND NAVIGABLE WATERS

Chapter II—Corps of Engineers, Department of the Army

PART 203—BRIDGE REGULATIONS

PART 204—DANGER ZONE REGULATIONS

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

1. Pursuant to the provisions of section 5 of the River and Harbor Act of August 18, 1894 (28 Stat. 362; 33 U. S. C. 499), § 203.245 (f) is hereby amended by the redesignation of subparagraph (4), Dorseys Creek, Md. (18 F. R. 3782), as subparagraph (3), Dorseys Creek, Md., as follows:

§ 203.245 *Navigable waters discharging into the Atlantic Ocean south of and including Chesapeake Bay and into the Gulf of Mexico, except the Mississippi River and its tributaries and outlets; bridges where constant attendance of draw tenders is not required.* * * *

(f) * * *

(3) Dorseys Creek, Md. * * *

(Sec. 5, 28 Stat. 362, as amended; 33 U. S. C. 499)

2. Pursuant to the provisions of section 7 of the River and Harbor Act of August 8, 1917 (40 Stat. 266; 33 U. S. C. 1), § 204.150 is hereby revoked and § 204.201 governing the use of a naval small-arms range in the Pacific Ocean north of Port Hueneme, California, is hereby amended, as follows:

§ 204.150 *Mississippi Sound; machine-gun firing range, Merchant Marine Cadet Basic School, Henderson Point, Miss.* [Revoked]

§ 204.201 *Pacific Ocean in vicinity of Port Hueneme, Calif.; naval small-arms firing range*—(a) *The danger zone.* * * *; thence northeasterly to the point of beginning.

* * * * *

[Regs., Sep. 1, 1953, 800.2121-ENGWO] (Sec. 4, 28 Stat. 362, as amended; 33 U. S. C. 1)

[SEAL] WM. E. BERGIN,
Major General, U. S. Army,
The Adjutant General.

[F. R. Doc. 53-8083; Filed, Sept. 18, 1953; 8:45 a. m.]

TITLE 38—PENSIONS, BONUSES, AND VETERANS' RELIEF

Chapter I—Veterans' Administration

CORRECTION OF TITLE OF SIGNING OFFICIAL

The title of H. V. Stirling should have read *"Deputy Administrator"* on the following Federal Register documents:

53-6900 (Parts 6 and 8), 18 F. R. 4659.
53-7092 (Part 21), 18 F. R. 4763.
53-7804 (Part 21), 18 F. R. 5428.
53-7805 (Part 21), 18 F. R. 5453.
53-7806 (Part 4), 18 F. R. 5450.
53-7977 (Parts 3 and 4), 18 F. R. 5515.

TITLE 39—POSTAL SERVICE

Chapter I—Post Office Department

PART 127—INTERNATIONAL POSTAL SERVICE: POSTAGE RATES, SERVICE AVAILABLE, AND INSTRUCTIONS FOR MAILING

CERTIFICATES OF MAILING

In Part 127, International Postal Service: Postage Rates, Service Available, and Instructions for Mailing, make the following changes:

a. Section 127.16 *Certificates of mailing* is amended to read as follows:

§ 127.16 *Certificates of mailing.* Certificates of mailing shall be furnished on request at the time of mailing for ordinary Postal Union articles, and as additional evidence of mailing for registered or insured Postal Union articles, under the same conditions and subject to the same charge as those for parcel post packages. (See § 127.78.)

(R. S. 161, 396, 398, as amended; secs. 304, 309, 42 Stat. 24, 25; 5 U. S. C. 22, 369, 372)

b. Section 127.78 *Certificates of mailing* is amended to read as follows:

§ 127.78 *Certificates of mailing.* (a) The postmaster at the office of mailing shall upon request at the time of mailing furnish to the sender of an ordinary parcel-post package a certificate of mailing. A charge of 1 cent shall be made for each certificate issued and for each parcel described if a single certificate covers more than one parcel. Certificates of mailing shall also be furnished as additional evidence of mailing for registered and insured parcels, subject to the same charge. The charges shall be collected by means of postage stamps affixed to the certificates and canceled by the postmark of the mailing office showing the date.

(b) Certificates of mailing shall be furnished on Form 3817 for individual parcels, and on firm mailing books or looseleaf forms for three or more parcels mailed at one time. These forms shall be filled out by the senders.

(c) Certificates of mailing shall also be furnished on request on Treasury Department (Internal Revenue) Forms P. T. 26, P. T. 27-A, or 550, certifying that the sender has waived the right to withdraw the parcels from the mails. Such certificates of mailing are likewise subject to a charge of 1 cent for each parcel described.

(d) See § 127.53 concerning certificates of mailing in connection with parcels containing tobacco seeds and/or plants and dried whole eggs.

(e) Payment of the charge for a certificate of mailing does not insure a parcel against loss, rifling or damage, or provide for a receipt on delivery, but merely furnishes evidence of mailing.

(f) Certificates of mailing are also issued for articles in the Postal Union mails. (See § 127.16.)

(R. S. 161, 396, 398, as amended; secs. 304, 309, 42 Stat. 24, 25; 5 U. S. C. 22, 369, 372)

[SEAL] ROSS RIZLEY, *Solicitor.*

[F. R. Doc. 53-8090; Filed, Sept. 18, 1953; 8:47 a. m.]

PART 127—INTERNATIONAL POSTAL SERVICE: POSTAGE RATES, SERVICE AVAILABLE, AND INSTRUCTIONS FOR MAILING

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

In Part 127, International Postal Service: Postage Rates, Service Available, and Instructions for Mailing, make the following changes:

a. In § 127.19 *Special delivery (Exprés) service* add "Turkey" in proper alphabetical order to the list of countries in paragraph (a).

(R. S. 161, 396, 398, as amended; secs. 304, 309, 42 Stat. 24, 25; 5 U. S. C. 22, 369, 372)

b. In § 127.227 *Canada (including Newfoundland and Labrador)* amend paragraph (b) (6) by adding the following to subdivision (i): "Bees on combs and used or second-hand hives or bee supplies are prohibited. Bees not accompanied by combs must be accompanied by a declaration signed by the mailer that the food for the bees carried in the package is free from disease."

(R. S. 161, 396, 398, as amended; secs. 304, 309, 42 Stat. 24, 25; 5 . S. C. 22, 369, 372)

c. In § 127.370 *Turkey* amend the information under the caption of paragraph (a) (4) to read as follows: "Fee 20 cents. (See § 127.19.)"

(R. S. 161, 396, 398, as amended; secs. 304, 309, 42 Stat. 24, 25; 5 U. S. C. 22, 369, 372)

[SEAL] ROSS RIZLEY, *Solicitor.*

[F. R. Doc. 53-8089; Filed, Sept. 18, 1953; 8:46 a. m.]

PROPOSED RULE MAKING

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Production and Marketing Administration

[7 CFR Part 963]

[Docket No. AO-233-A1]

MILK IN STARK COUNTY, OHIO, MARKETING AREA

NOTICE OF HEARING AND PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO TENTATIVE MARKETING AGREEMENT AND TO ORDER REGULATING HANDLING

Pursuant to the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U. S. C. 601 et seq.), and in accordance with the applicable rules of practice and procedure, as amended (7 CFR Part 900), notice is hereby given of a public hearing to be held in the St. Francis Hotel, 209 Tuscarawas, Canton, Ohio, beginning at 10:00 a. m., local time, September 24, 1953.

The public hearing is for the purpose of receiving evidence with respect to economic and marketing conditions which relate to the proposed amendments hereinafter set forth or appropriate modification thereof to the tentative marketing agreement as heretofore approved by the Secretary of Agriculture, and to the order regulating the handling of milk in the Stark County, Ohio, marketing area. The proposed amendments have not received the approval of the Secretary of Agriculture, and at the hearing evidence will be received relative to all aspects of the marketing conditions which are dealt with by the proposed amendments.

Proposed by Committee for Pooling Plants Under Order No. 63:

1. Delete the supply-demand proviso contained in § 963.51 (b).

2. Alternate proposal in the event that Proposal No. 1 is denied:

a. Delete the standard utilization percentages now contained in § 963.51 (b) (2) and substitute therefor the following:

January	90	July	70
February	86	August	72
March	85	September	75
April	82	October	77
May	79	November	83
June	73	December	88

b. Delete the figures in the table contained in § 963.51 (b) (3) and substitute therefor the following:

+6 or more	+20	+13	+26
+3 or +4	+10	+7	+14
+1 to −1	0	0	0
−3 or −4	−10	−14	−7
−6 or under	−20	−26	−13

3. Add to § 963.51 (a) the following proviso: *"And provided further,* That in computing the price to be paid by any handler for butterfat and skim milk contained in cream, including sour cream or any mixture of cream and milk or skim milk containing 8 percent or more butterfat, the amounts to be added to the basic price pursuant to this paragraph shall be 40 cents less in each month than the amounts indicated above."

Make such other conforming changes as are necessary to effectuate this amendment.

4. Add the following proviso to § 963.52 (a): *"Provided,* That, in making the computations per paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, the Class II price to

be used for skim milk and butterfat contained in Class II products transferred or diverted from a pool plant to a non-pool plant during the months of April, May, and June shall be the basic formula price minus 40 cents."

Make such other conforming changes as are necessary to effectuate this amendment.

5. Delete from the proviso contained in § 963.51 (a) the following words "from the health authorities of either of the cities of Alliance, Canton, or Massillon" and substitute therefor the following words, "from any community, city, or county Health authority."

Proposed by Andalusia Dairy Company:

6. Add at the end of § 963.40 the following proviso: "*Provided*, That skim milk and butterfat contained in milk received by a pool plant from a non-pool plant which has no routes in the marketing area shall not be subject to the classification and pricing provisions of the order to the extent that skim milk and butterfat contained in Class I products is transferred from such pool plant to such non-pool plant during each month."

Proposed by Grand View Dairy Company:

7. Cream and milk sold to manufacturing plants for manufacturing purposes such as; Bakeries, Candy Manufacturing, etc. to be classed in Class II instead of Class I.

Proposed by Smith Dairy Products Co.:

8. The following area be withdrawn and eliminated from the present order: "Under the section of Marketing Area the townships of Sugar Creek township of Wayne County. We are asking that Sections 1, 2, 3, 10, 11 and 12 be eliminated from the order."

Proposed by the Dairy Branch, Production and Marketing Administration:

9. Make such other changes as may be required to make the marketing agreements and order in their entirety conform with any amendments thereto that may result from this hearing.

Copies of this notice of hearing and of the order, as amended, now in effect may be obtained from the Market Administrator, 614 Renkert Bldg., Canton 2, Ohio, or from the Hearing Clerk, Room 1353, South Building, United States Department of Agriculture, Washington 25, D. C., or may be there inspected.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 15th day of September 1953.

[SEAL] ROY W. LENNARTSON,
Assistant Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 53-8107; Filed, Sept. 18, 1953; 8:51 a. m.]

[7 CFR Part 968]

[Docket No. AO 173-A6]

MILK IN THE WICHITA, KANSAS, MARKETING AREA

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE TENTATIVE MARKETING AGREEMENT AND TO ORDER REGULATING HANDLING

Pursuant to the provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U. S. C. 601 et seq.), and the applicable rules of practice and procedure governing the formulation of marketing agreements and marketing orders (7 CFR Part 900), notice is hereby given of a public hearing to be held in the Empire Room, Allis Hotel, Wichita, Kansas, beginning at 10:00 a. m., c. s. t., October 7, 1953, for the purpose of receiving evidence with respect to emergency and other economic conditions which relate to the handling of milk in the Wichita, Kansas, marketing area proposed amendments hereinafter set forth or appropriate modification thereof, to the tentative marketing agreement heretofore approved by the Secretary of Agriculture and to the order, regulating the handling of milk in the Wichita, Kansas, marketing area. These proposed amendments have not received the approval of the Secretary of Agriculture.

Amendments to the order regulating the handling of milk in the Wichita, Kansas, marketing area were proposed, as enumerated below:

Proposed by Beatrice Foods Company, Steffen Dairy Food Company, Inc., DeCoursey Cream Company and Hyde Park Dairies, Inc.:

1. Amend § 968.8 as follows:

a. Substitute "15 percent" for "50 percent" in § 968.8 (b) (2); and

b. Substitute "15 percent" for "40 percent" in the proviso included in § 968.8 (b).

2. Amend § 968.40 (a), (b), (c) and (d) by substituting "250 miles" for "150 miles" in each of such paragraphs.

3. Amend § 968.41 as follows:

a. Delete § 968.41 (a) (3);

b. Delete from § 968.41 (b) and insert in § 968.41 (c) the words "cottage cheese" and "aerated cream and egg nog"; and

c. Include as Class III milk in § 968.41 (c) the following: "all milk not classified as Class I or Class II milk pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section."

4. Amend § 968.43 by deleting all of said section and substituting therefor a formula which will result in computing the values of skim milk and butterfat on the butterfat and solids basis according to its utilization rather than to figure the same on a milk equivalent basis.

5. Amend § 968.50 (a), (b) and (c) to read as follows:

(a) *Class I milk.* The price per hundredweight shall be the price determined pursuant to § 968.51 plus $1.05 during the months of April, May, June and July of each year and plus $1.45 during the remaining months of each year.

(b) *Class II milk.* The price per hundredweight shall be the Class I price less 60¢.

(c) *Class III milk.* The price per hundredweight shall be the average of the prices paid or to be paid for ungraded milk received during the delivery period at the following plants now operated by the listed companies: At Wichita, Kansas, by the DeCoursey Cream Company; at Arkansas City, Kansas, by the Arkansas City Cooperative Milk Association; at Moline, Kansas, by the DeCoursey Cheese Plant; less 15¢ for each of the delivery periods of April, May, June and July.

6. Make such other changes as may be required to make the entire order conform with any amendment thereto which may result from this hearing.

Proposed by Wichita Milk Producers Association:

7. Amend § 968.3 to read:

§ 968.3 *Wichita, Kansas Marketing Area.* "Wichita, Kansas marketing area" means all of the territory within the corporate limits of the City of Wichita, Kansas, and the territory within Delano, Kechi, Minneha, Riverside, Waco, Gypsum, Park, Payne and Wichita townships, and the city of Eastborough all in Sedgwick County, Kansas.

Proposed by Dairy Branch, Production and Marketing Administration:

8. Amend § 968.40 (e) and (f) to provide that such milk, skim milk or cream shall be so classified at both plants as to return to producer milk the highest total utilization.

9. Amend § 968.44 to provide for the subtraction of receipts from sources other than producers or other handlers prior to the subtraction of receipts from other handlers.

10. Provide for announcement by the market administrator of the uniform prices of the order on or before the 10th day after the end of the delivery period.

11. Amend § 968.88 to read as follows:

§ 968.88 *Expense of administration.* As his pro rata share of the expense of the administration of this part, each handler, with respect to all milk received from approved dairy farmers during the delivery period, shall pay to the market administrator, on or before the 12th day after the end of such delivery period, an amount not exceeding 4 cents per hundredweight, which amount shall be determined by the market administrator subject to review by the Secretary.

12. Make such other changes as may be required to make the entire order conform with any amendment thereto which may result from this hearing.

Copies of this notice of hearing and of the order now in effect may be procured from the market administrator, 310 Derby Building, 352 North Broadway, Wichita 2, Kansas, or from the Hearing Clerk, Room 1353, South Building, United States Department of Agriculture, Washington 25, D. C., or may be there inspected.

Dated: September 18, 1953, Washington, D. C.

[SEAL] GEORGE A. DICE,
Acting Assistant Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 53-8163; Filed, Sept. 18, 1953; 11:42 a. m.]

NOTICES

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

[60904]

FLORIDA

NOTICE OF FILING OF PLAT OF SURVEY

SEPTEMBER 15, 1953.

Notice is given that the plat of original survey of the following described lands, accepted July 23, 1953, will be officially filed in the Bureau of Land Management effective at 10:00 a. m. on the 35th day after the date of this notice:

TALLAHASSEE MERIDIAN, FLORIDA

T. 66 S., R. 31 E.,
Sec. 19; Lot 3, containing 0.22 acre (Little Money Key)
T. 66 S., R. 32 E.,
Sec. 2, Lot 6, containing 1.75 acres (Rachel Key)

The plats represent the survey of two islands in Florida Bay which were not included in the original survey of the townships, shown upon the plats approved June 30, 1874.

Available information indicates that Lot 3, Sec. 19 (Little Money Key) is a coral sand formation underlain by the native coral formation and is 2 to 3 feet in elevation above mean high tide; that its exposed position to ravaging storms makes it highly doubtful that any type of cabin or structure could be maintained thereon; that Lot 6, Sec. 2, (Rachel Key) is of exposed coral formation with a thin, humus soil over the higher central portion and is 6 to 8 feet high, with sheer coral bank 3 feet high along its outer shores except for the southeast side which slopes gently into a mangrove fringe; that it supports a medium growth of tropical vegetation and timber consisting of buttonwood, 7-year apple, gumbo-limbo, scrub oak, black mangrove and prickly pear cactus, and that it is doubtful whether either of the islands can be classified for agricultural entry.

No applications for these lots may be allowed under the homestead or small tract or any other nonmineral public land laws unless the land has been classified as valuable or suitable for such type of application or shall be so classified upon consideration of an application.

At the hour specified on the abovementioned 35th day, the said lands shall become subject to application, petition, location or selection, under applicable laws, subject to valid existing rights, the provisions of existing withdrawals and the 90-day preference right filing period for veterans and others entitled to preference under the act of September 27, 1944 (58 Stat. 747; 43 U. S. C. 279–284), as amended.

Information showing the periods during which and the conditions under which veterans and others may file applications for these lands may be obtained on request from the Regional Administrator, Region VI, Bureau of Land Management, Department of the Interior, Washington 25, D. C.

For the director.

H. S. PRICE,
Regional Administrator, Region VI.

[F. R. Doc. 53-8086; Filed, Sept. 18, 1953; 8:46 a. m.]

Office of the Secretary

SPECIAL RULE AUTHORIZING SPECIFIED REGIONAL ADMINISTRATORS TO PRESCRIBE NEW PROCEDURES FOR CONDUCTING ADVISORY BOARD ELECTIONS

OREGON, NEVADA AND NEW MEXICO GRAZING DISTRICTS

A proper factual showing having been made by the Regional Administrators, Regions I, II, and V, Bureau of Land Management, and upon the recommendation of the advisory boards of the respective districts affected, and pursuant to authority vested in me by section 2 of the act of June 28, 1934 (48 Stat. 1269; 43 U. S. C. sec. 315 (a)), as amended, and in accordance with the provisions of 43 CFR 161.15, a special rule relating to advisory board elections and to the term of office of advisory board members in Oregon Grazing District No. 5, Region I; Nevada Grazing District No. 5; Region II; and New Mexico Grazing District No. 3, Region V, is hereby prescribed as follows:

The Regional Administrators, Region I, II, and V, Bureau of Land Management, with reference to the above specified grazing districts in the respective regions, and notwithstanding the provisions of 43 CFR 161.12, may prescribe new procedures for the conduct of periodic advisory board elections, including designation of the term of office of the advisory board, and may alter, amend, or revise such procedures as necessary from time to time: *Provided*, That notice of such new procedures, or of any alterations, amendment, or revision thereof shall be published in the FEDERAL REGISTER before the same shall become effective in the respective grazing districts.

DOUGLAS MCKAY,
Secretary of the Interior.

SEPTEMBER 14, 1953.

[F. R. Doc. 53-8085; Filed, Sept. 18, 1953; 8:45 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Office of the Secretary

MISSISSIPPI

SALE OF MINERAL INTERESTS; REVISED AREA DESIGNATION

Schedule A, entitled Fair Market Value Areas, and Schedule B, entitled One Dollar Areas, accompanying the Secretary's Order dated June 26, 1951 (16 F. R. 6318), are amended as follows:

1. In Schedule A, under Mississippi, in alphabetical order, add the county "Alcorn".
2. In Schedule B, under Mississippi, delete the county "Alcorn".

(Sec. 3, Pub. Law 760, 81st Cong.)

Done at Washington, D. C., this 17th day of September 1953.

[SEAL] TRUE D. MORSE,
Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 53-8121; Filed, Sept. 17, 1953; 11:55 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Federal Maritime Board

LUMBER EXCHANGE TERMINAL, INC. ET AL.

NOTICE OF AGREEMENTS FILED FOR APPROVAL

Notice is hereby given that the following described agreements have been filed with the Board for approval pursuant to section 15 of the Shipping Act, 1916, as amended; 39 Stat. 733, 46 U. S. C. section 814.

Agreement No. 7925 between Lumber Exchange Terminal, Inc., Wiggin Terminals, Inc., Pittston Stevedoring Corporation, The Port of New York Authority and Atlantic Terminals, Inc. creates a conference to be known as the North Atlantic Marine Terminal Lumber Conference for the purpose of facilitating cooperation between them in connection with the receipt, delivery, handling and/or storage of lumber and other forest products at U. S. North Atlantic ports.

Agreement No. 7935 between The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, The Pennsylvania Railroad Company and Reading Company, provides for a cooperative working arrangement relative to rates and rules governing top-wharfage, free time, pier (Wharf) demurrage and labor charges on freight handled on their wharves or piers, at Philadilphia which does not move to or from said wharves or piers by rail.

Interested parties may inspect these agreements and obtain copies thereof at the Regulation Office, Federal Maritime Board, Washington, D. C., and may submit, within 20 days after publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER, written statements with reference to either of the agreements and their position as to approval, disapproval, or modification, together with request for hearing should such hearing be desired.

Dated: September 16, 1953.

By order of the Federal Maritime Board.

[SEAL] A. J. WILLIAMS,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-8097; Filed, Sept. 18, 1953; 8:48 a. m.]

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER

RULES OF ORGANIZATION

The Rules of Organization (formerly contained in 12 CFR Part 261) have been amended in the following respects:

Effective August 1, 1953, the Board established the Office of the Controller and the Board's Rules of Organization were amended to include the following subsection:

Office of the Controller. Office of the Controller is headed by the Controller. It is responsible for the receipt and disbursement of the Board's funds and the formulation and execution of its budget.

BOARD OF GOVERNORS OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM,
[SEAL] MERRITT SHERMAN,
Assistant Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-8087; Filed, Sept. 18, 1953; 8:46 a. m.]

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[File Nos. 70-3127, 70-3128]

DUQUESNE LIGHT CO. AND STANDARD POWER AND LIGHT CORP.

SUPPLEMENTAL ORDER RELEASING JURISDICTION OVER RESULTS OF BIDDING IN SALE OF ADDITIONAL SHARES OF COMMON STOCK BY SUBSIDIARY AND SALE BY PARENT OF SHARES OF COMMON STOCK OF SUBSIDIARY

SEPTEMBER, 15, 1953.

Duquesne Light Company ("Duquesne"), a subsidiary of Philadelphia Company, a registered holding company and a subsidiary of Standard Gas and Electric Company which, in turn, is a subsidiary of Standard Power and Light Corporation ("Standard Power"), both also registered holding companies, has filed an application-declaration (File No. 70-3127), and amendments thereto, and Standard Power has filed an application-declaration (File No. 70-3128), and amendments thereto, pursuant to the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 regarding (a) the issue and sale by Duquesne, pursuant to Rule U-50, of 150,000 additional shares of common stock, par value $10 per share; 100,000 shares of its _____ percent Preferred Stock, par value $50 per share; and $12,000,000 principal amount of its First Mortgage Bonds, Series due September 1, 1983, and (b) the sale by Standard Power, pursuant to Rule U-50, of 34,739 shares of the outstanding common stock of Duquesne, owned by Standard Power, simultaneously with the proposed sale by Duquesne of additional shares of its common stock.

The Commission having, by order, dated September 8, 1953, granted said applications, as amended, and permitted said declarations, as amended, to become effective, except that the proposed sales of securities were not to be consummated until the results of competitive bidding, pursuant to Rule U-50, were made a matter of record in this proceeding and a further order or orders issued, for which purpose jurisdiction was reserved; and

Duquesne and Standard Power having filed further amendments to the applications-declarations in which it is stated that, in accordance with the permission granted by said order of the Commission, dated September 8, 1953, Duquesne offered for sale 150,000 additional shares of its common stock and simultaneously therewith Standard Power offered for sale 34,739 shares of the outstanding common stock of Duquesne owned by Standard Power, pursuant to the competitive bidding requirements of Rule U-50, and received the following bids:

Bidding group headed by:	*Price per share to Duquesne and Standard Power*
Kidder, Peabody & Co. and White, Weld & Co.	$25.378
Blyth & Co., Inc. and Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Beane	25.16
Union Securities Corp.	25.034
Kuhn, Loeb & Co. and Smith, Barney & Co.	25.025
Stone & Webster Securities Corp.	24.945
The First Boston Corp. and Lehman Bros.	24.895
Carl M. Loeb, Rhoades & Co. and Wertheim & Co.	24.700125

The amendments further stating that Duquesne and Standard Power have accepted the bid of Kidder, Peabody & Co. and White, Weld & Co. for the stock as set forth above and that the stock will be offered to the public at a price of $25.875 per share, resulting in an underwriters' spread of $0.497 per share, aggregating $91,815.28; and

The Commission having examined said amendments and having considered the record herein and finding no reason for imposing any terms or conditions with respect to the price to be received for the stock and the underwriters' spread, or otherwise, and it appearing appropriate to the Commission that the jurisdiction heretofore reserved over the results of competitive bidding with respect to the sale by Duquesne of additional shares of its common stock and the sale by Standard Power of shares of Duquesne's outstanding common stock be released:

It is ordered, That the applications-declarations, as further amended, be, and the same hereby are, respectively, granted and permitted to become effective forthwith, and that the jurisdiction heretofore reserved over the results of competitive bidding with respect to the aforesaid sales of stock by Duquesne and Standard Power be, and the same hereby is, released, subject to the terms and conditions prescribed in Rule U-24.

It is further ordered, That the jurisdiction heretofore reserved over the results of competitive bidding with respect to the proposed sales of preferred stock and bonds by Duquesne and over all fees and expenses be, and the same hereby is, continued.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-8091; Filed Sept. 18, 1953; 8:47 a. m.]

SMALL DEFENSE PLANTS ADMINISTRATION

[S. D. P. A. Pool Request No. 24]

REQUEST TO UNITED WESTERN MANUFACTURERS, INC., TO OPERATE AS A SMALL BUSINESS PRODUCTION POOL AND REQUEST TO CERTAIN COMPANIES TO PARTICIPATE IN THE OPERATIONS OF SUCH POOL

Pursuant to section 708 of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, the request to United Western Manufacturers, Inc., to operate as a small business production pool and the request to the companies hereinafter listed to participate in the operations of such pool, set forth below, were approved by the Attorney General after consultations with respect thereto between the Attorney General, the Chairman of the Federal Trade Commission, and the Administrator of the Small Defense Plants Administration. The voluntary program in accordance with which the pool shall operate has been approved by the Administrator of the Small Defense Plants Administration and found to be in the public interest as contributing to the national defense.

REQUEST TO UNITED WESTERN MANUFACTURERS, INC.

I hereby approve your proposed voluntary program to operate as a small business production pool and find it to be in the public interest as contributing to the national defense.

In my opinion, the operations of your organization as a small business production pool will greatly assist in the accomplishment of our national defense program.

Therefore, in accordance with the provisions of Section 708 of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, you are hereby requested to operate as such a pool in the manner set forth in the approved voluntary program. While no obligation is imposed upon you, by virtue of this request, to operate as such a pool or to seek or obtain any government contracts, if you wish to commence operations as a small business production pool you may do so upon notifying me in writing of your acceptance of this request. Immunity from prosecution under the Federal antitrust laws and the Federal Trade Commission Act will be given upon such acceptance, provided that such operations are within the limits set forth in the approved voluntary program.

The Attorney General has approved this request after consultations with respect thereto among his representatives, representatives of the Chairman of the Federal Trade Commission and my representatives, pursuant to Section 708 of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended.

Sincerely yours,

WILLIAM D. MITCHELL,
Administrator.

REQUEST TO COMPANIES

The voluntary program of United Western Manufacturers, Inc., to operate as a small business production pool has been found to be in the public interest as contributing to the national defense and has therefore been approved.

Inasmuch as your concern is included among the prospective members of the pool, in my opinion your participation in its operations will greatly assist in the accomplishment of our national defense program. Therefore, in accordance with the provisions of Section 708 of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, you are hereby re-

quested to participate in the operations of the pool in the manner set forth in its voluntary program.

While no obligation is imposed upon you, by virtue of this request, to participate in the operations of this pool, if you wish to participate you may do so by notifying me in writing of your acceptance of this request. Immunity from prosecution under the Federal antitrust laws and the Federal Trade Commission Act will be given upon such acceptance, provided that such operations are within the limits set forth in the approved voluntary program.

The Attorney General has approved this request after consultations with respect thereto among his representatives, representatives of the Chairman of the Federal Trade Commission and my representatives, pursuant to Section 708 of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended.

Sincerely yours,

WILLIAM D. MITCHELL,
Administrator.

The United Western Manufacturers, Inc., accepted the request set forth above to operate as a small business production pool.

LIST OF COMPANIES ACCEPTING REQUEST TO PARTICIPATE

Certified Welders & Engineering Co., 10311 Anza Avenue, Los Angeles 45, Calif.

Harford Manufacturing, Inc., 9065 Washington Boulevard, Culver City, Calif.

Modern Plating Co., 5400 West 104th Street, Los Angeles 45, Calif.

Telair Engineering, 309 East Regent Street, Inglewood 1, Calif.

Tubing Appliance Co., Inc., 10321 Anza Avenue, Los Angeles 45, Calif.

(Sec. 708, 64 Stat. 818, Pub. Law 96, as amended by Pub. Law 429, 82d Cong; 50 U. S. C. App. 2158; E. O. 10370, July 7, 1952, 17 F. R. 6141)

Dated: September 14, 1953.

DONALD A. HIPKINS,
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 53-8100; Filed, Sept. 18, 1953; 8:49 a. m.]

VETERANS' ADMINISTRATION

DEPUTY ADMINISTRATOR, DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS BENEFITS AND ASSISTANT DEPUTY ADMINISTRATOR (LOAN GUARANTY)

DELEGATIONS OF AUTHORITY

For the purposes of administering Title III of the Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944, as amended, and the making of grants to assist veterans to acquire specially adapted housing (Public Law 702, 80th Congress), all duties, responsibilities, and authority heretofore delegated to the offices of the assistant administrator for finance and the director, loan guaranty service, or to the incumbents of said offices, Mr. Frank W. Kelsey and Mr. T. B. King, respectively, whether such delegations be by regulations or otherwise, are hereby delegated to the Offices of the Deputy Administrator, Department of Veterans Benefits and the Assistant Deputy Administrator (Loan Guaranty), and to Mr. Ralph H. Stone, Deputy Administrator, and Mr. T. B. King, Acting Assistant Deputy Administrator.

[SEAL] H. V. HIGLEY,
Administrator of Veterans Affairs.

[F. R. Doc. 53-8133; Filed, Sept. 18, 1953; 8:53 a. m.]

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

[4th Sec. Application 28459]

RUBBER TIRES FROM TOLEDO, OHIO, TO LOUISIANA, ALABAMA, FLORIDA, TENNESSEE AND MISSISSIPPI

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

SEPTEMBER 16, 1953.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: F. C. Kratzmeir, Agent, for carriers parties to Agent L. C. Schuldt's tariff I. C. C. No. 4367, pursuant to fourth-section order No. 16101.

Commodities involved: Tires, rubber, pneumatic, and parts, carloads.

From: Toledo, Ohio.

To: New Orleans, Baton Rouge, and North Baton Rouge, La., Mobile, Ala., Pensacola, Fla., Memphis, Tenn., Vicksburg and Natchez, Miss.

Grounds for relief: Competition with rail carriers, circuitous routes, operation through higher-rated territory.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons, other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take a the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] GEORGE W. LAIRD,
Acting Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-8093; Filed, Sept. 18, 1953; 8:48 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 28460]

ALCOHOL AND RELATED ARTICLES FROM LOUISIANA TO OFFICIAL TERRITORY

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

SEPTEMBER 16, 1953.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: F. C. Kratzmeir, Agent, for carriers parties to Agent W. P. Emerson, Jr.'s tariff I. C. C. No. 400, pursuant to fourth-section order No. 16101.

Commodities involved: Alcohol and related articles, carloads.

From: Baton Rouge, North Baton Rouge, Chalmette, and New Orleans, La.

To: Heyden, N. J., Marshallton, Del., Mertztown, Neville Island, Summerdale, and Industry, Pa., Wallingford, Conn., and Waverly, N. J.

Grounds for relief: Competition with rail carriers, circuitous routes, operation through higher-rated territory.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] GEORGE W. LAIRD,
Acting Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-8094; Filed, Sept. 18, 1953; 8:48 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 28461]

VENEER FROM BATON ROUGE AND NEW ORLEANS, LA., TO MEMPHIS, TENN.

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

SEPTEMBER 16, 1953.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: F. C. Kratzmeir, Agent, for the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad Company and other carriers, pursuant to fourth-section order No. 16101.

Commodities involved: Veneer, manufactured from mahogany lumber, carloads.

From: Baton Rouge and New Orleans, La.

To: Memphis, Tenn.

Grounds for relief: Competition with rail carriers, circuitous routes, operation through higher-rated territory.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is

found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] GEORGE W. LAIRD,
Acting Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-8095; Filed, Sept. 18, 1953; 8:48 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 28462]

PETROLEUM FUEL OIL FROM MONTANA TO MINNESOTA AND WISCONSIN

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

SEPTEMBER 16, 1953.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul and Pacific Railway Company and other carriers.

Commodities involved: Petroleum residual fuel oil, in tank-car loads.

From: Points in Montana.

To: Minneapolis, St. Paul, Minnesota Transfer, and Duluth, Minn., Superior, Wis., and other points in Minnesota and Wisconsin.

Grounds for relief: Competition with rail carriers, circuitous routes, market competition.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: Great Northern Railway Company tariff I. C. C. No. A-8015, supp. 59; Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul and Pacific Railway Company tariff I. C. C. No. B-7664, supp. 7; Northern Pacific Railway Company tariff I. C. C. No. 9852, supp. 7.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the General Rules of Practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] GEORGE W. LAIRD,
Acting Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-8096; Filed, Sept. 18, 1953; 8:48 a. m.]